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## GROMYKO STILL MANOEUVRING

### Big Four Deputies Make Little Progress In Paris

#### COMMENT

Sir Arthur Morse's sombre warning at the Bank meeting of the danger residing in America's foreign assets control regulations, of undermining confidence in the absolute obligation of banks to honour their commitments under commercial credits, has coincided unfortunately with indications that Washington negotiations seeking relaxation of burdensome restrictions have, at least temporarily, stalled.

No fault lies with the officials representing Hongkong interests. Sharp internal differences prevail, apparently, regarding conditions affecting normal U. S. trade with the Colony. The State Department is prepared to accept assurances given in the Aide Memoire during Mr A. G. Clarke's visit. The zealous Commerce Department demands, as far as can be seen, not goodwill or good intent, but solid guarantees whatever that means.

The Chairman of the Hongkong Bank made no bones on Saturday about the damage done by the application of rigid restrictions without warning, and was unable to offer expectation of early modification in favour of local importers and industrial enterprises. Licences are still being refused for practically all commodities essential to keep H. K. factories in operation.

Concerning the embarrassment caused by the blocking of assets, without questioning the urgent motives inspiring American policy Sir Arthur deplored the injury to the delicate texture of international trade and finance, and to faith in the sanctity of contracts. Ironically, in a sense, the main immediate encouragement to a more optimistic outlook arises from the conflict in Washington. The cleavage seems to be of such a nature that compromise is unlikely without an appeal to higher levels for decision. To Hongkong that means, so little headway having been made in meeting justifiable claims to reconsideration, that the second stage could hardly be more disturbing than the first. Meanwhile, it is imperative that both Hongkong and the British Embassy keeps the issue very much alive.

## Russia Still Rejects The Western Formula

Paris, Mar. 12.

Russia tonight put forward revisions to her proposed agenda for a "Big Four" Foreign Ministers' conference on East-West tension.

A Russian spokesman, who said that this had been done to meet Western criticisms, said that Russia was dropping the reference to "withdrawal of the occupying powers from Germany."

## SOVIET SUBMARINE BUILD-UP

London, Mar. 12.

Mr L. J. Callaghan, Financial Secretary of the Admiralty, told the House of Commons today that Russia had more submarines than Nazi Germany, and that they would constitute a "threat" if Russia secured Atlantic bases.

Mr Callaghan stressed the submarine danger and the means being taken to meet it, as he appeared in the Commons to outline the Navy's budget of £278,000,000 for 1951-52.

He said: "We have to look at who are building submarines to know what the potential danger is. Numerically (Russia has) a larger number of submarines than the Germans ever had, but there are factors which offset that. Unlike the Germans, the Russian submarines are distributed in the Baltic, the Black Sea, the North Sea and the Pacific.

"And they are not easily transferable from one sea to another.

"That is an important element. But there is no doubt that they will constitute a grave threat, especially if the Soviet Union is permitted to secure naval bases in the Atlantic."—United Press.

## Violent Snowfall In Middle West

Chicago, Mar. 12.

Residents of Iowa and portions of four adjoining states struggled today with the heaviest snowfall of the winter.

Light snow was still falling over Iowa, Minnesota, South Dakota, Nebraska and Illinois. Sleet and freezing rain fell over a wide area stretching through the Ohio and Tennessee valleys into the southeastern states.

Sixteen Iowa cities were cut off from long distance telephone service by the big weekend storm that spread 18 inches of snow on some parts of the state within a 48-hour period. Some sections had a 23-inch accumulation of snow on the ground.

The Red Cross broadcast a request for distressed families to stamp signals into the snow if they needed air drops of food, fuel or cattle feed.—United Press.

The spokesman made the announcement to reporters in the street after leaving the Rose Palace where the deputies of the Foreign Ministers were holding their seventh meeting to try to hammer out an agreed agenda for their chiefs' conference.

The Soviet delegate, the Deputy Foreign Minister, Mr Andrei Gromyko, had gone to the meeting his afternoon after week-end consultations with Moscow on the Western deputies' revision of their suggested agenda last week.

The Soviet revisions apply to that point of their suggested agenda which originally read, "Consideration of the conclusion of a peace treaty with Germany and consequent withdrawal of the occupying powers from Germany."

The new version, according to the Soviet spokesman, reads, "Re-establishment of German unity and conclusion of a peace treaty with Germany."

#### MANOEUVRES

The Soviet delegation has so far held no formal general press conferences, but tonight was the second time that a member of the delegation had left to tell reporters in the street about the latest Soviet moves.

A French delegation spokesman remarked that it "seems that the Russians have made a concession on the second point of the agenda in order to maintain their position on the other two items on their agenda."

All last week Mr Gromyko had stood firm for inclusion in the agenda of German demilitarisation, reduction of armaments by the Great Powers, speed up of a German peace

treaty and the withdrawal of occupation forces from Germany. The West wanted the Foreign Ministers to have a general discussion of European points of friction, the conclusion of an Austrian peace treaty as evidence of Soviet good faith, and the inclusion of the rearmament of Soviet allied states in any discussion of peace treaty obligations.

#### KEEPING IN TOUCH

During the weekend all the delegates had been in touch with their Governments.

Observers believed that success or failure would depend on the new instructions given in these consultations, particularly those of M. Andrei Gromyko, the Soviet deputy.

Today the four deputies lunched with the French Foreign Minister, M. Robert Schuman, at the Foreign Ministry. Ambassadors and the deputies' chief advisers were also there.

The British Ambassador, Sir Oliver Harvey, had a 40-minute conversation with M. Schuman before attending the luncheon.—Reuter.

## Pakistan Air Chief Arrested

Karachi, Mar. 12.

The Government announced tonight the arrest of Air Commodore M.K. Janjua, highest Pakistan official in the Pakistani air force, on suspicion of complicity in the conspiracy against the Government.

The announcement said Air Commodore Janjua had been "put under house arrest for suspected complicity in a conspiracy." The specific nature of the conspiracy was not disclosed.

Air Commodore Janjua's arrested to five the number of prominent people arrested in the alleged plot.

The announcement denied rumours that a large number of officials had been arrested. It said stories on the conspiracy appearing in foreign papers were "completely false or grossly exaggerated." It advised Pakistan citizens to lend no credence to reports which were not issued by official sources.—United Press.

## Grim Menace In Rubber Areas

Singapore, Mar. 12.

Three thousand rubber tappers were idle in South Selangor and Negri Sembilan States of Malaya today under intimidation.

Warnings and death threats are posted on the rubber trees. The Federal Labour Commissioner said that one woman had returned to work in a South Selangor estate and had been mutilated. Another tapper had his ears chopped off because he had not listened to the terrorists' warning and had an arm chopped off because he still tapped rubber.

Terrorists killed an estate manager in the Tanjong Malim area of Selangor today.

Government security forces killed 16 guerrillas over the weekend.—Reuter.

## BARCELONA TOWN HALL RIOTS

Barcelona, Mar. 12.

Rioting crowds shouting against the high cost of living set fire to curtains in the Barcelona City Hall today and the Civil Governor, in a broadcast appealed to them to remain calm, told them Communist agents were instigating strikes throughout the city.

The Governor ordered shopkeepers to reopen their shops under penalty of fines. He said Communist agents who had instigated sit-down strikes in offices and factories had already been arrested.

The Governor spoke after crowds had overturned stalls in the marketplace, set fire to an ambulance and punctured bus and car tyres in the city. By evening the city was calmer. Electricity, water and gas, turned off earlier in the day, were restored and newspapers appeared as usual while strikers reappeared.

Several persons were slightly injured in the rioting, police said, but none was seriously hurt.—United Press.

## DECISION ANGERS HER

Cuernavaca, Mexico, Mar. 12.

Barbara Hutton lost her last chance for a quick divorce from her Lithuanian husband today.

Judge Alfonso Roqueni ruined her hopes for an easy fast decree by officially recognising Prince Igor Troubetzkoy's legal protest against her suit.

His decision meant that Miss Hutton's effort to discard her fourth husband would be dragged out "indefinitely" if she continued her action here. Miss Hutton, angry over the loss of another court skirmish, instructed her lawyers to appeal "and keep fighting." In the meantime, she was reported anxious to return to New York, but was "still too ill to travel."—United Press.





Over 500 China Inland Missionaries, who are evacuating China, are to be airlifted from Hongkong. The first plane-load, consisting of 37 British missionaries, left Kai Tak in a chartered York airliner and here a group of friends is seen waving to them as the plane leaves.—Staff Photographer.

### Italian Arms Dump Seized

Rome, Mar. 12. Police discovered a secret dump of arms and ammunition at Tivoli, 20 miles east of Rome, and laid charges against six men said to be Communists today.

A report from Veggie di Casagrande, in Calabria Province, Southern Italy, said that the secretary of the local Communist Party was arrested when police found a Hungarian-type grenade in his house.

During February police seized arms and ammunition in Genoa, Turin and Alessandria.—Reuter.

### Merciful Neutrality In Red Cross Dressing Stations In Korea

British 27th Brigade, Mar. 12.

The tent was crowded with wounded, lying on low ambulance stretchers in rice straw that covered the frozen ground.

The Australian soldier turned round and smiled as much as the big shell dressing on his back would allow and glanced at the grey, padded figure lying alongside him.

He swore: "It's great having that slit eyed... alongside me, isn't it? I like to cut his... throat."

There was mud and a purple bruise on the Australian's cheek. There was blood on his clothing. The strain of the past week's bitter fighting and the physical hardships showed on his lined unshaven face.

His one free hand fumbled for a cigarette and stuck it in his mouth. A tall bearded turbaned Sikh bent down and lit it for him.

Two feet across the rice straw a swarthy Lushai hillsman knelt alongside a wounded Chinese Communist soldier, one hand gently supporting his head and the other holding a mug of hot tea to his lips.

The Australian's taut face relaxed and he grinned. Referring to the Chinese Communists, he said: "They fought pretty clean on the whole."

This is the atmosphere the Indian Field Ambulance induces—an atmosphere of merciful neutrality under the Red Cross.

This incident happened a few miles from the lines last night in a tented advance dressing station busy with casualties of the day's fighting.

There were Australians, Chinese, South Koreans and others lying on the stretchers, but as far the Indians were concerned, they were all just wounded men.

#### NO DIFFERENCE

There was no difference in treatment. Where priority in treatment had to be made it was on the basis of how serious a man's condition was—not on his race.

The Indians have won a warm place in the heart of every British soldier up here.

And wounded Chinese Communist and North Korean prisoners have expressed themselves amazed at the kindness and courtesy they have been shown.

The Indian Field Ambulance is a picked unit of men from all parts of India—nearly all of them parachutists. Their commanding officer, Lieutenant-Colonel Rangaraj, India's first medical officer parachutist, got his wings in 1941. He has consistently pushed forward his dressing station as far up to the front as possible and his team of specialists, pitting their skill against the primitive conditions, have performed major operations in the field to the sound of gunfire.

They have saved the lives of many soldiers in the past few weeks alone.—Reuter.

## BRITAIN PLANS TO BUILD 232 NEW WARSHIPS

London, Mar. 12.

Britain will have 232 new ships in her Navy when the current and new three-year naval programmes are completed, Mr James Callaghan, Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty, said today.

The new ships will range from the most powerful fleet aircraft carriers, Eagle and Ark Royal, both of 36,800 tons, to fast patrol boats.

Eagle, Britain's latest and biggest aircraft carrier, is now undergoing sea trial. Work is being pushed on with a similar carrier, Ark Royal, and four Hermes light fleet carriers, Mr Callaghan said.

There will be altogether six new aircraft carriers, eight new destroyers, 24 frigates and nearly 200 minesweepers and patrol boats, he added.

In addition to 60 cruisers now being modernised, about 70 destroyers would be either modernised or converted for anti-submarine work.

Today, Britain had 12 carriers. With the present programme she would have 18. Three in the Commonwealth made a total of 21.

Mr Callaghan said that the Navy could be mobilised now. He went on to say that the balance of sea power had clearly tilted away from Britain very dramatically in the last 10 years.

"For the first time in many hundreds of years our fleet has been out-distanced and out-paced by a friendly ally," he declared.

#### BRITAIN'S PART

The contribution Britain could make to the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation would be powerful and significant, but it would be doubled by the Americans.

At the start of the last war the British and American fleets were roughly equal in size and manpower.

But the Americans, starting with five carriers, finished with 98 compared with Britain's 17. They also finished with about double British strength in destroyers and frigates after starting at about level.

Today, Britain had 140,000 to 150,000 men in the Navy compared with the United States' 850,000.

The North Atlantic Treaty had turned what would be a hard, grim and uncertain battle of the Atlantic into a "confident prospect of success."

#### MORE TO COME

Other points he made were: The £273,000,000 for which he was asking did not take into account the additional programme laid down by the Prime Minister, Mr Clement Attlee, in January.

Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa now had between them very sizable forces of aircraft carriers, cruisers, destroyers and frigates. They were a great addition to the British Navy's potential strength.

Mr Callaghan reported a new equipment for locating submarines. It attacked, located, aimed and fired all in one equipment.

He described as unprecedented the fact that the British aircraft carrier Theseus had had 1,300 deck landings in Korean waters without failure or accident. None of the ship's aircraft had been unserviceable for more than two hours.—Reuter.

#### Sir Arthur Guinness Passes

New York, Mar. 12.

The Guinness Mahon Company said today it has been notified of the death in Bombay of Sir Arthur Guinness, 55, ex-President of the International Chamber of Commerce and a member of the noted merchant banking family.—United Press.

### Opposition Walks Out In Protest

Rangoon, Mar. 12.

The entire Opposition, made up of Independent and Left-wing members, walked out of Burma's Parliament today in protest against a restriction on time for debate of the Government's foreign policy.

Thakin Chit Maung, of the Burma Workers' and Peasants' Party, had spoken for 20 minutes in opening the debate when the Speaker asked him to take his seat.

He asked for more time. When this was refused, his Party members and the Independents, led by U Aung Than, walked out.

In a joint statement the Opposition members said, "We have lost all democratic rights even in Parliament but we will circulate our views on foreign policy through pamphlets."

The statement said that even in an important matter like foreign policy, only two Opposition members were allotted to speak—one Independent and one member of the Workers and Peasants' Party.

The Prime Minister, Thakin Nu, told Parliament that the Opposition had done "the wrong thing by walking out because it is at their request that an opportunity has been provided to discuss foreign policy."—Reuter.

### Heiress Divorces To Marry Again

Miami Beach, Mar. 12.

The California heiress, Minnewa Bell Ross, divorced her third husband today and made immediate plans to marry Elliott Roosevelt "the latter part of this week."

A close friend of Elliott's said the son of the late President and the attractive Mrs Ross would have a private wedding in the exclusive Sunset Island home she has rented for the winter. He said plans were made as soon as the 39-year-old heiress was granted her divorce at Key West.—United Press.

### Reds To Print In Esperanto

Tokyo, Mar. 12.

The Chinese Communists have finally hit upon a method of making their message understood by the people of the world.

Radio Peking said today they are going to print in Esperanto. The broadcast today said the "All-China Esperanto Association" was founded in Peking on Sunday and "organisations and individuals from 22 countries sent 158 messages of greetings." The propaganda weapon of the Association will be "El Popolo Cinio," popular esperanto magazine published in China.—United Press.

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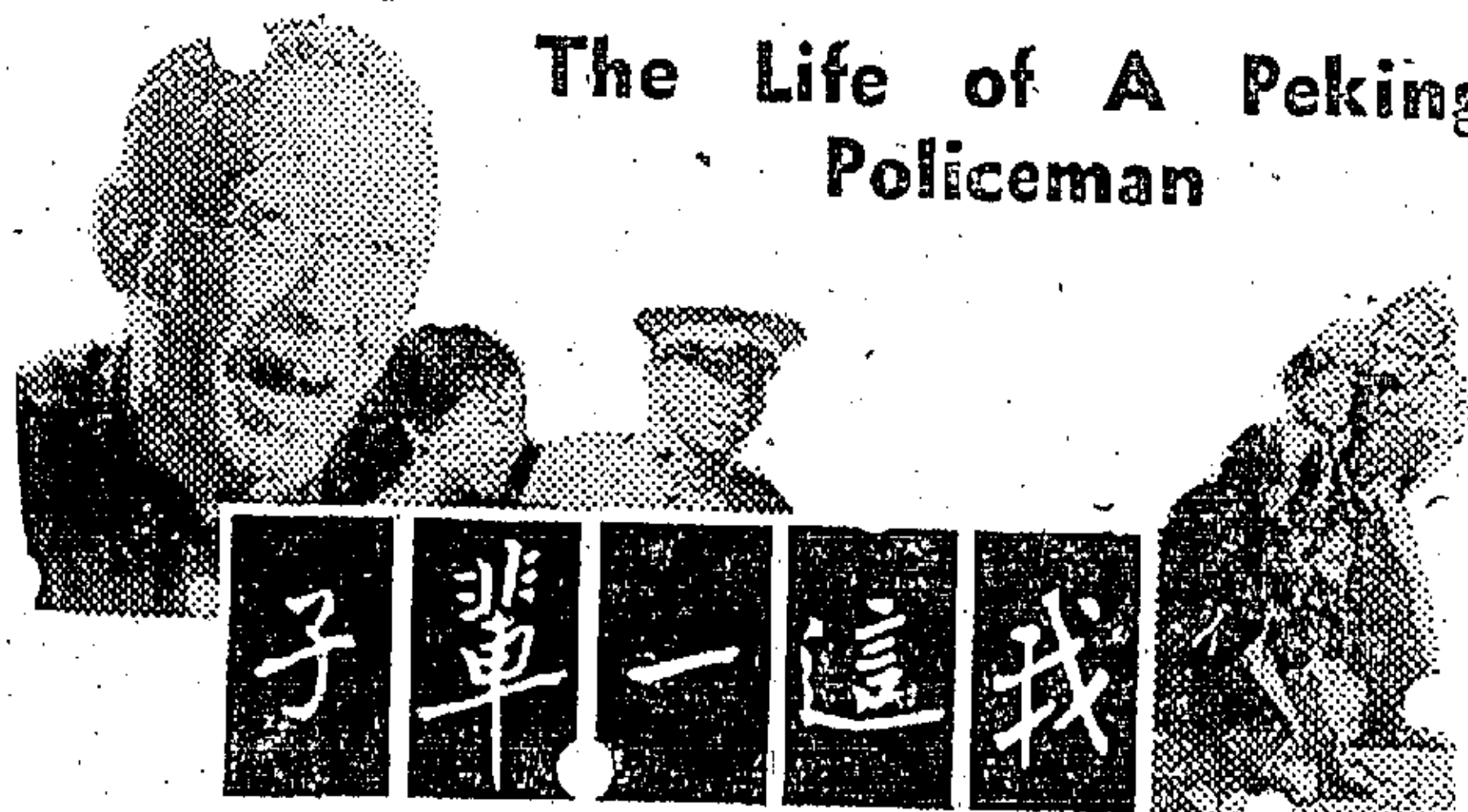
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The Life of A Peking Policeman



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TO-MORROW

"SPELLBOUND"



# U.S. EX-SERGEANT'S CONFESSION

## Super-Secret Of A-Bomb Mechanical Working Given To Reds

### Witness Against Own Sister And Others Charged

New York, Mar. 12.

A former Army sergeant, David Greenglass, described in a Federal court on Monday the mechanical working of the atomic bomb — super-secret information which he said he had handed over to a Soviet atom spy ring.

## EXTENSIVE CHINESE RETREAT

Korea, Mar. 12.

There are strong indications tonight that the Chinese Communist forces in the western sector are preparing to withdraw as far north as Chunchon, key communications centre only eight miles south of the 38th Parallel.

American staff officers believe, however, that the Chinese Communists will withdraw slowly on a defensive pattern similar to that which they had used in the past three weeks, leaving strong rear-guards on tactical features to delay the United Nations advance.

The Chinese Communists, for the past few days, had been evacuating Hongchon — their main supply centre in Central Korea — moving northwest toward Chunchon and northeast, on the other main highways, towards the border.

An American tank column today drove northeast up the main highway to within two and a half miles of Hongchon. It was fired on by machine-guns and an anti-tank gun but returned without suffering damage.

Another tank column moved north for two miles and returned only when the terrain became unfavourable.

It is believed that the Chinese Communists will make their next stand delaying stand along the line of the Hongchon River, running east-west through Hongchon.

However, staff officers here believe that with their present strength the Communists will not be able to hold the Hongchon River line for long and they have already prepared for further defensive withdrawals.

This theory has been strengthened by air reports which indicate a general withdrawal of the enemy's supporting weapons including artillery.—Reuter.

## OTHER SIDE OF THE FENCE

Fez, Morocco, Mar. 12.

The Moroccan Socialist Party yesterday sent a telegram to Azzam Pasha, Secretary of the Arab League, asking him to stop "the campaign of absurd news" about Morocco.

The telegram said: "The Moroccan Socialist Party, amazed by the lies of the Istiqlal Party, condemns the intervention of this anti-democratic party which pretends to monopolise the nationalist idea; thanks the Arab League for its solicitude over Morocco and asks to have stopped the campaign of absurd news. Morocco is perfectly calm."

The Party sent another telegram to President Auriol of France, which said: "The Moroccan Socialist Party thanks you for your solicitude in view of solving the Moroccan crisis. It renews to you its desire for Franco-Moroccan collaboration in agreement with General Juin."—United Press.

Federal Judge Irving Kaufman cleared the court of spectators during Greenglass' testimony about the atomic bomb. He ordered the Press out also, but later allowed reporters to return and "use good judgment" about what part of the testimony to pass on to the readers of their newspapers.

Greenglass, who has pleaded guilty to espionage and conspiracy charges on which his sister, brother-in-law and a second man are being tried, took less than five minutes to describe the atom bomb information, which he said he betrayed to Russia in September, 1945.

The assistant United States Attorney, Mr. Roy Cohen, referred to a sketch drawn by Greenglass and entered as a sealed government exhibit.

"Is that a cross-section of the atomic bomb as you gave it to Rosenberg?" Mr. Cohen asked, Greenglass: "It is."

### BAROMETRIC SWITCH

Greenglass told how he had described the action of the bomb to Rosenberg. Referring to key letters on the sketch he mentioned detonating a high explosive lens by a barometric switch. He described barium shields designed to protect explosives from deterioration from radiation of plutonium, which he identified as "fissionable material in a sphere".

The judge directed the Court stenographer not to transcribe this portion of his testimony and this was the portion which the Court directed the Press to use "good judgment" in describing.

Judge Kaufman said he thought the testimony "has probably fallen into the hands of those whom we are trying to keep it from" but added that he could not be certain of it.—United Press.

## New Atomic Bomb Tests In America

Washington, Mar. 12.

The Atomic Energy Commission chairman, Mr. Gordon Dean, told newsmen today that new atomic test explosions would be held "later on" in Nevada, Eniwetok, and "other places".

Asked about the "other places", he said it is possible the weapon would be taken "out into the middle of the ocean" and dropped off.

Mr. Dean said Conrad McKelvey, employee in the Commission's South Carolina office, had resigned after admitting he had let it be known that the Commission planned to build an atomic plant there. Because of this, no one bought land near the new plant site.

Mr. Dean said no hydrogen bombs were exploded at the recent Nevada tests but he would not discuss them otherwise. The Commission deliberately was giving no clues because it wanted to confuse Russia. The Commission had "evidence" the Soviet was confused by the Frenchman Flats tests in Nevada.—United Press.

## Gandhi Letters Sold In London

London, Mar. 12.

Three letters written by Mahatma Gandhi to an English Quaker friend, Stephen Hobhouse, fetched £14 in a London sale-room today.

In one he said: "I wonder if really man's duty is to be the helpless witness of tragedies being enacted in front of him." This was written from New Delhi in October, 1947, when Gandhi said: "The look of things here is certainly ugly. Let us see what God has in store for the whole of humanity."

In a second letter, Gandhi wrote: "I fear very much that your doubt about India holding on to the spinning wheel and all it means is not wholly unjustified."

"I advisedly use the adverb 'wholly' for appearances are more often than not deceptive. Though I see about me factories flourishing, my faith in the spinning wheel and all it connotes burns as bright as ever."

The letters were bought by dealers. Mr. Hobhouse, who is now 69, has lived a life of simplicity and during the Mahatma's lifetime was a great admirer of his.

He published a pamphlet on his sayings in the early part of the last war.—Reuter.

## Mutilation Of Prisoner

Los Negros,

Admiralty Group, Mar. 12. An Australian War Crimes Court today heard how 29 "morbid-minded" Japanese watched the dissection of an executed Allied prisoner-of-war to provide "bears' stomachs" for a folklore remedy for sick Japanese officers.

The Court sentenced three former officers of the Japanese Navy to prison terms ranging from one to three years for mutilating the body.

The Prosecutor, Major H. J. Foster, described how the gall bladder was removed for the "bear's stomach" remedy for the officers, who were suffering from dysentery.

The three men were Captain Tamao Shinohara, already under sentence of death for murder, three years; Surgeon Lieutenant Commander Hikosuke two years; and Surgeon Lieutenant Kensuko Konishi one year.

The death sentence passed on Shinohara has not been confirmed by the Australian Government.—Reuter.

## Canada's Huge Defence Bill

Ottawa, Mar. 12.

The Finance Minister Mr. D. C. Abbott, announced in the Parliament tonight that Canada's total government expenditures for the next fiscal year would be \$3,587,000,000. He said that about 44 percent of this would be for the Defence Department.—United Press.



GETTING A BLESSING—Mary Tonatantie, eight, has her throat blessed by a priest during the traditional Catholic ceremony at the church of St. Ethelreda in London. The idea started 1635 years ago when St. Blaise, on his way to execution, saw a child choking to death on a fish bone. He touched the child's throat and healed it, and since that time the Roman Catholics have blessed throats in the Saint's name on the day he was martyred.

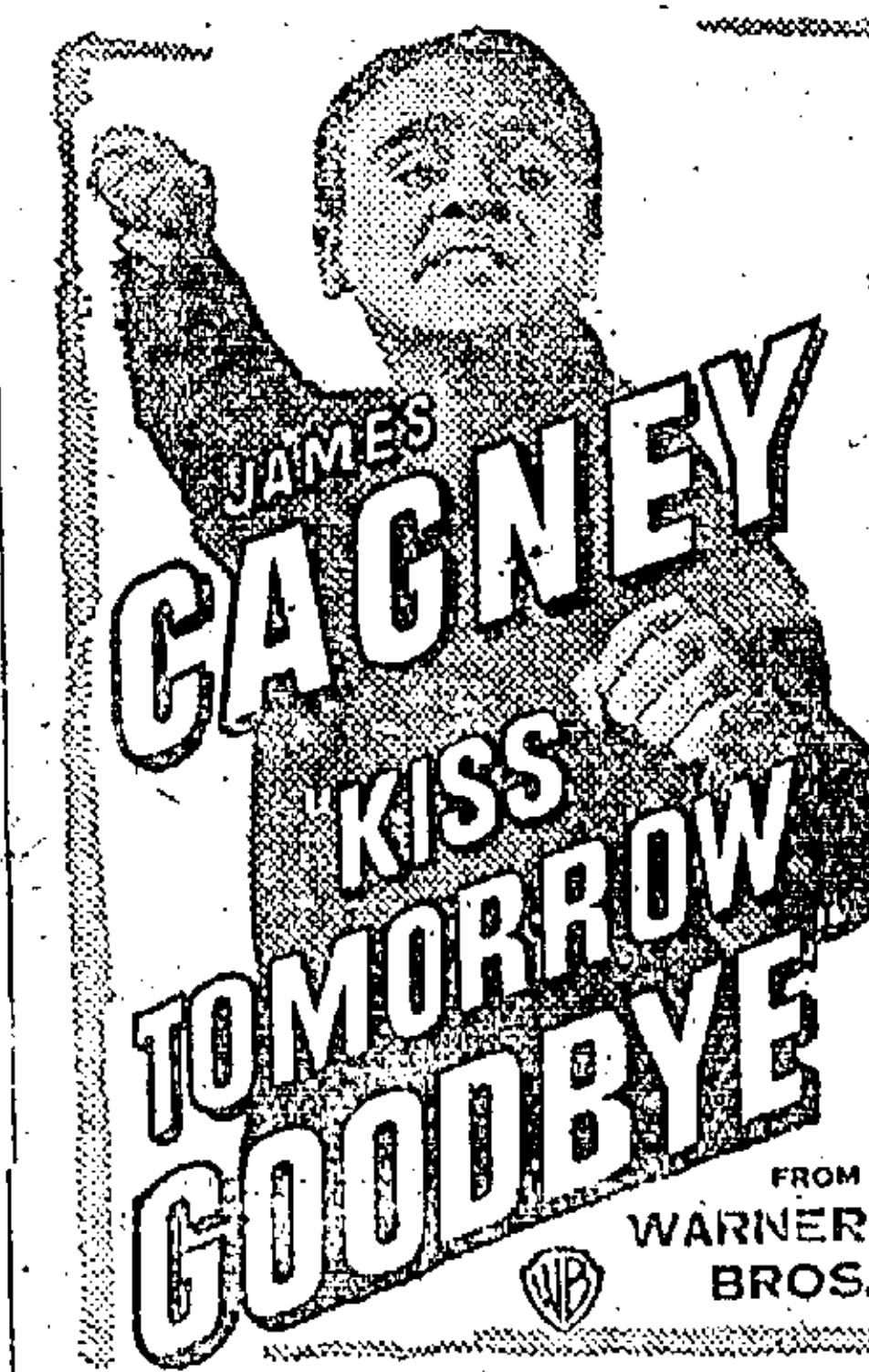
## Sen. Vandenberg Suffers Relapse

Grand Rapids, Mar. 12.

Senator Arthur Vandenberg, Republican champion of bipartisan foreign policy, took a turn for the worse today. The 66-year-old senior Michigan Senator suffered a relapse during his convalescence from two lung operations more than a year ago.—United Press.

## Queen's

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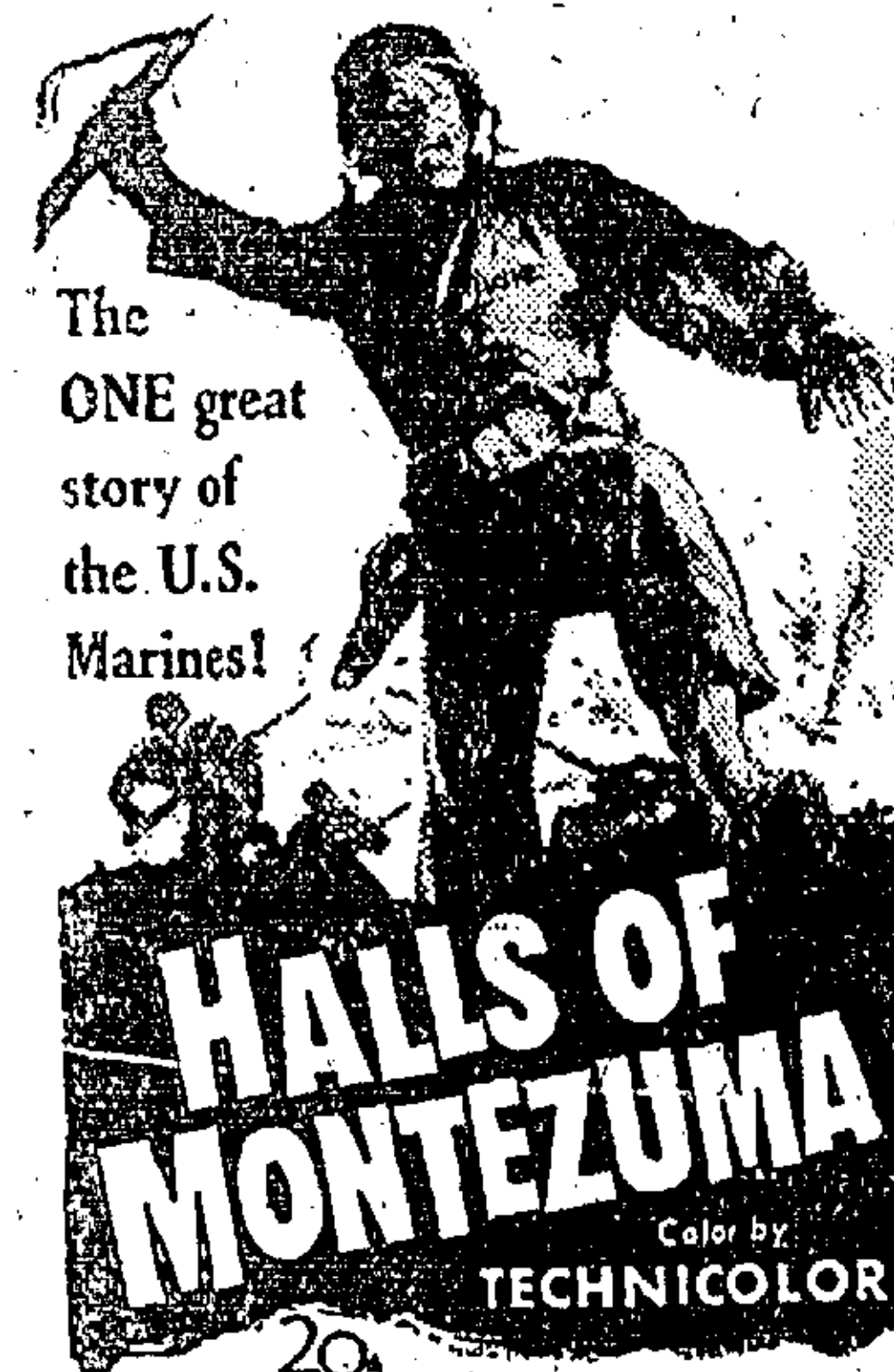


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## ONE WAY OR THE OTHER



A UN tank splashes across an ice-coated river on the central Korean front. The bridge in the background was knocked out by UN bombers some time ago in an effort to delay Communist troops along the same route by which the UN forces are now returning.

## Survey Of Pacific Air Route

Sydney, Mar. 12.  
A Catalina plane will leave here at dawn on Wednesday to try out the 8,500-mile route across the Pacific Ocean from Australia to Chile.

The plane, the Frigate Bird II, loaned by the Australian Air Force, will fly via New Caledonia, Fiji, Samoa, Cook Island, Tahiti and Easter Island to Valparaiso, Chile.

The Sydney Herald, commenting on the flight in an editorial today, said that the route would have obvious strategic value in the event of another war in which north and even central oceanic routes might be threatened with enemy interruption.—Reuter.

## PRESS PHOTOGRAPHS

Copies of photographs taken by the South China Morning Post, South China Sunday Post-Herald, China Mail and Hong Kong Telegraph Staff Photographers are on view in the Morning Post Building.

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## Russians Outlaw War Propaganda

Moscow, Mar. 12.

With Marshal Stalin present, the Supreme Soviet tonight outlawed war propaganda in any form and provided the maximum punishment possible under Soviet criminal law for offenders—25 years' imprisonment.

Marshal Stalin, accompanied by the Deputy Premier, Mr. Vyacheslav Molotov, and all members of the Politburo, received a standing ovation when he entered. Prolonged applause burst out when orators mentioned his activity on behalf of peace.

Deputy Nikolai Tikhonov, chairman of the Soviet Peace Committee, introduced the measure with a scathing attack on the United States, where, he said, newspapers, the radio, movies, literature had been mobilised to make the average man believe war is inevitable. Tikhonov delivered a half-hour speech accusing the American and British rulers of inciting war and wishing to hurl mankind into a third catastrophic world war while lowering living standards and enslaving other nations.

Tikhonov's speech, endorsed by several orators including the playwright Korstanin Simonov, also charged the American radio with inciting the American people to war. Simonov particularly accused the New York Times of vehement warmongering, falsification of the truth and libelling peace-loving nations.

Tikhonov said the Soviet Press, radio, movies and theatres, unlike the American, did not encourage warmongering, crime and banditry, but were wholly devoted to the truth and to the peaceful creative

labour of the Soviet people.—United Press.

## Alleged Appeal By POW's

Tokyo, Mar. 12.

Peking Radio, monitored here tonight, described an alleged appeal signed by 279 American and British prisoners of war in North Korea demanding that the United Nations troops in Korea stop the fighting immediately in accordance with the peace formula put forward to the United Nations organisation by China's Foreign Minister, Mr. Chou En-lai.

Among the 39 names of alleged signatories was one Britisher: "Marine Peter Desmond Murphy, of the Royal Marine Commandos."

The Radio said that the appeal, which was signed at a North Korean camp, had been cabled to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, Mr. Trygve Lie.

The signatories were claimed to have bitterly criticised the Allied bombing of North Korean towns. They themselves had experienced the Allied bombing raids.

The Radio, quoting a later despatch from its correspondent in North Korea, described a meeting in which prisoners were alleged to have cheered and yelled with approval as the "peace appeal" was being read by "Staff Sergeant" Charles L. Harrison, of the United States 1st Marine Division.

The correspondent quoted a number of American prisoners captured near the Chosin Reservoir last November as making glowing speeches favouring the appeal.

The Radio said that a full list of the 279 names would be broadcast as space permitted.—Reuter.

## Millionaire's Divorce

Chicago, Mar. 12.

The cosmetics millionaire, Leslie Younghusband, 55, and his fifth wife were divorced today after more than a year of hurling adultery charges at each other.

Pretty Mary Louise Younghusband, 35, was given a property and support settlement estimated at more than \$1,000,000. She was granted a divorce on grounds of cruelty.—United Press.

## KOREA DECISION UNLIKELY BY FORCE OF ARMS

Tokyo, Mar. 12.

Many staff officers at General MacArthur's General Headquarters now think in terms of an end to the Korean war only as part of a worldwide settlement or an explosion of the East-West conflict.

The officers say privately that unless the United Nations put in large reinforcements, a military decision cannot be forced locally and the end can only come about by diplomatic means—or an ultimatum to Russia and China that a continuation means total war throughout the world.

General MacArthur himself said for the first time last week that a stalemate was inevitable in Korea and appealed to world leaders to solve the problem, which was beyond his authority. But despite the claims that at least 100,000 Chinese Communists with nearly as many North Koreans have become battle casualties in the last three months, there is no indication that the Chinese Communists are pulling out of Korea or are abandoning the struggle.

In fact an intelligence officer said today that new troops are reported moving north to Manchuria from China Proper. There they will join the huge pool on the Manchurian border from which the Chinese commanders in Korea draw their front line forces.

## HUGE RESERVES

The officer said that the Chinese High Command had deployed two Field Army formations straddling the Manchurian frontier vertically—with the minimum forces required for any situation in the battle-line and the maximum in reserve just north of the Yalu River, where they are safe from Allied attack.

He added that the Chinese Communists still had more men in this formation on the border and in Korea than were needed for the job.

He estimated that they had 33 or 34 divisions in the line and anything from between 50 and 100 divisions in reserve.—Reuter.

## Hiss Conviction To Stand

Washington, Mar. 12.

The United States Supreme Court today refused to review the conviction of Alger Hiss, former State Department official sentenced to five years' imprisonment in January, 1950, for perjury.

A Jury found that Hiss lied in denying that, when a State Department official, he handed over secret Government documents to someone acting for Russia.

Hiss was formerly Director of the Office of Special Political Affairs at the State Department. Since his conviction after two trials, Hiss has been free on \$10,000 bail pending the Supreme Court's decision.—Reuter.

## N. Korea Claims

Tokyo, Mar. 12.

Moscow Radio broadcast tonight a war communique from the North Korean General Headquarters which said: "The Korean People's Army maintains all areas formerly occupied by the United States with Chinese volunteers' units supporting."

On the previous day, the Radio said, North Korean troops on the central front killed and wounded 400 United Nations troops, took 120 prisoners, shot down a plane and destroyed four American tanks.—Reuter.

## MACDONALD VISIT TO HONGKONG

(Our Own Correspondent)  
London, Mar. 12.

After further talks today with the Prime Minister and the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Commissioner-General for South-east Asia, flies to Hongkong.

It is understood he will remain in Hongkong for less than a week before continuing his journey to Malaya. No political significance is attached to the Hongkong visit; he arranged some time ago to attend there this week the University Congregation.

No official statement regarding the results of his London talks is being issued but it is believed they have been more optimistic in tone about the Southeast Asia situation generally than was possible on previous visits to London of the Commissioner-General.

According to the "Observer" columnist, Penderennis, yesterday, Mr. MacDonald believes the Chinese invasion of Tibet has affected the opinions of serious people throughout the whole area and that they are now more inclined to make a stand against the Communist threat.

He is also confident, according to the same source, that establishment in the near future of a Malayan Federal "Cabinet" is timely in view of the important part that will be played by Asian leaders.

Mr. MacDonald's hope is, Penderennis adds, "that Malaya will evolve towards Dominion status by the easy progression that proved successful in Ceylon."

## Oslo's Decision To Join In

Oslo, Mar. 12.

The Norwegian Parliament today unanimously passed a proposal that Norway should join the European joint defence system with joint defence forces.

The question of German participation in European defence was passed by 146 votes to four. Four Labour Party Members voted against the proposal.—Reuter.

## Israeli Claims

London, Mar. 12.

Mr. Eliahu Elath, Israeli Minister in London, today handed to Lord Henderson, Under-Secretary in charge of German Affairs, a note on the Israeli claims for German reparations, a Foreign Office spokesman said.

Israel asked the four occupation powers in January to consider the Israeli nation's claims for reparations in both the east and west zones.—Reuter.



# ITALY LINES UP WITH WEST

## Significant Interview Between Rome's Envoy And Tito

### Italy's Interest In Situation On Yugoslav Borders

Belgrade, Mar. 12.

Marshal Tito today received Signor Enrico Martino, Italian Minister in Belgrade, in the presence of the Assistant Yugoslav Foreign Minister, M. Leo Mates.

According to Belgrade Radio, Signor Martino told Marshal Tito that the Italian Government were viewing the situation in Eastern Europe and the arming of the Soviet satellites on Yugoslavia's borders with interest, and desired to maintain friendly relations with Yugoslavia.

In reply, Marshal Tito said he was happy that Italy took the same attitude as Yugoslavia to the situation in this part of the world and the maintenance of peace here.

Signor Martino's statement was considered by political observers here to have placed Italy on the side of Britain, France and the United States, who recently declared that they could not remain indifferent to a possible Communist aggression against Yugoslavia. — Reuters.

#### ANGLO-ITALIAN TALKS

London, Mar. 12.

The Italian premier, Alcide de Gasperi, and Foreign Minister, Count Carlo Sforza, arrived here today by train.

The Italian leaders came to London for talks with the British Government on Italy's position in international affairs and her role in the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation.

They were welcomed at Victoria Station by Lord Henderson, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, deputising for Mr Herbert Morrison, the new Foreign Secretary.

On Tuesday, Signor de Gasperi, the first Italian Prime Minister to visit Britain since the war, will have his first meeting with Prime Minister Clement Attlee at No. 10, Downing Street.

Official sources said the visit was aimed at promoting closer Anglo-Italian friendship and that the talks would not be centred around any specific question such as Trieste. The delegation was scheduled to remain until Friday.

#### TRIESTE ISSUE

Official quarters said Britain did not intend to raise the question of Trieste during the forthcoming conversations with Signor de Gasperi and Count Sforza but it was expected that the Italians would do so.

"We are well aware Russia would like to embroil Yugoslavia and Italy over Trieste and for this reason we are not going to make any suggestions to either one side or the other,"

### The Main Question At Paris

New York, Mar. 12.

A Herald-Tribune editorial said today that Russia broke the Potsdam agreement when she allowed four-power control of Germany to break down, ending the chances of unity.

The paper said, "Yet it is Russia's stubborn attempt to confine the German problem within the bounds of the document which she dishonoured which constitutes the main question at Paris. Unless it is answered satisfactorily in advance of the meeting of Foreign Ministers, the meeting might just as well not take place."

"Neither the West nor awakening Germany can consent to turn the clock back to 1945 in one region while the Soviet Union in every other area continues to demonstrate to the free peoples that it is later than they think." — United Press.

### Petain Worse

Paris, Mar. 12.

A spokesman for the Ministry of Justice said today that the health of ex-Marshal Henri Petain had become worse during the last several days. — United Press.

## Evacuation Demand Repeated In Cairo

Cairo, Mar. 12.

The Egyptian Prime Minister, Mustafa El Nahas Pasha, today reiterated Egypt's demands for the evacuation of British troops and "the unity of the Nile Valley" (uniting the Sudan with Egypt).

Expressing regret at Mr Ernest Bevin's resignation as British Foreign Secretary, the Prime Minister told the newspaper, Al Balagh: "I am sure he wished to put an end to the state of doubt existing between our two countries and to replace it by an agreement and better understanding."

"It is for Britain to meet our national demands for the immediate evacuation of British troops and the unity of the Nile Valley under the Egyptian Crown."

"That is essential to the maintenance of peace and security in the Middle East." — Reuters.

#### COMMONS QUERY

London, Mar. 12.

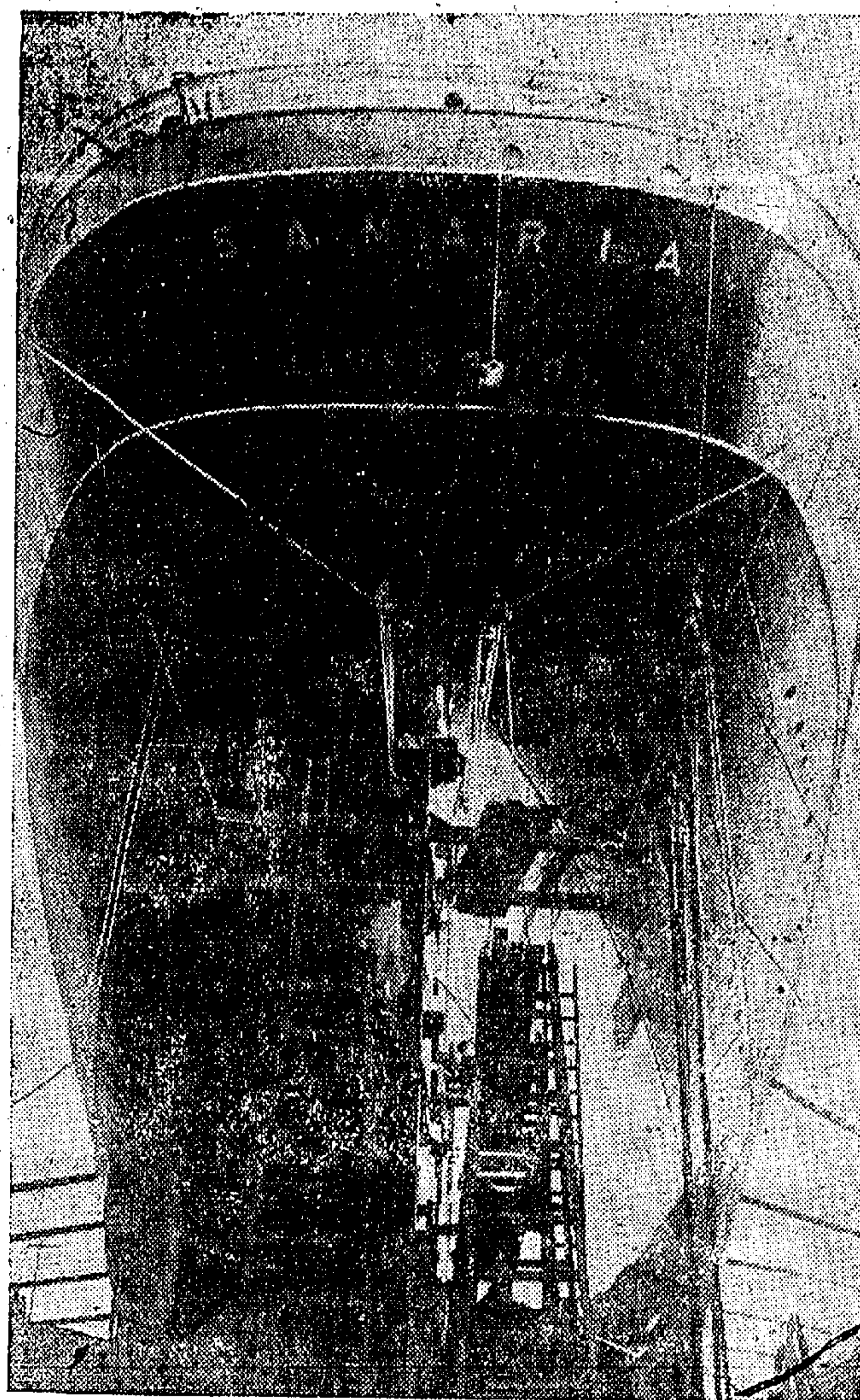
A Labour Member of Parliament asked the Foreign Secretary, Mr Herbert Morrison, today to tell the Egyptian Government to drop the de-

mands for the evacuation of British troops from the Suez Canal area.

The Member, Mr Thomas Reid, said that Britain was bound by treaty to aid Egypt if she were attacked and the Suez Canal area was the place which British and Egyptian forces might have to defend in a sudden emergency.

Mr Kenneth Younger, Minister of State, replied that both Britain and Egypt were very conscious of the need to ensure the proper defence of this area.

He recalled an earlier statement to Parliament that discussions were going on between the two Governments. He added that these talks were aimed particularly at reconciling the need for active defence measures in peacetime with the political difficulties raised in Egypt by the presence of foreign military forces in that area. — Reuters.



The 19,597-ton Cunard liner Samaria is seen in drydock in Liverpool, where she was surveyed and underwent preliminary work prior to a complete reconditioning in Clyde. Eighth and final Cunarder to be reconditioned since the war, the Samaria will re-enter the company's Canadian service. Completion of the work will bring to 300,000 the total tonnage reconditioned by Cunard since 1945.

### Tibetan Mission For Peking?

New Delhi, Mar. 12.

Under the caption "Sino-Tibetan Pact Prospects Bright," the newspaper Statesman today published a report from its Kalimpong correspondent claiming that the Dalai Lama's peace mission to the Communists at Chamdo is now at Tachienlu, in Chinese territory, and will soon leave by air for Peking.

The mission is headed by Rimsh Samdo Photang.

The report said the Dalai Lama decided to send a fresh delegation to Peking after receipt of a letter from the Chinese Ambassador at New Delhi last month, and quoted informed sources as saying the Dalai Lama would return to Lhasa at the conclusion of the Sino-Tibetan talks.

Officials said there was no confirmation of these reports. — United Press.

### Security Talks In Malta Begin

Valetta, Mar. 12.

British and United States Service chiefs started Middle East security talks here today.

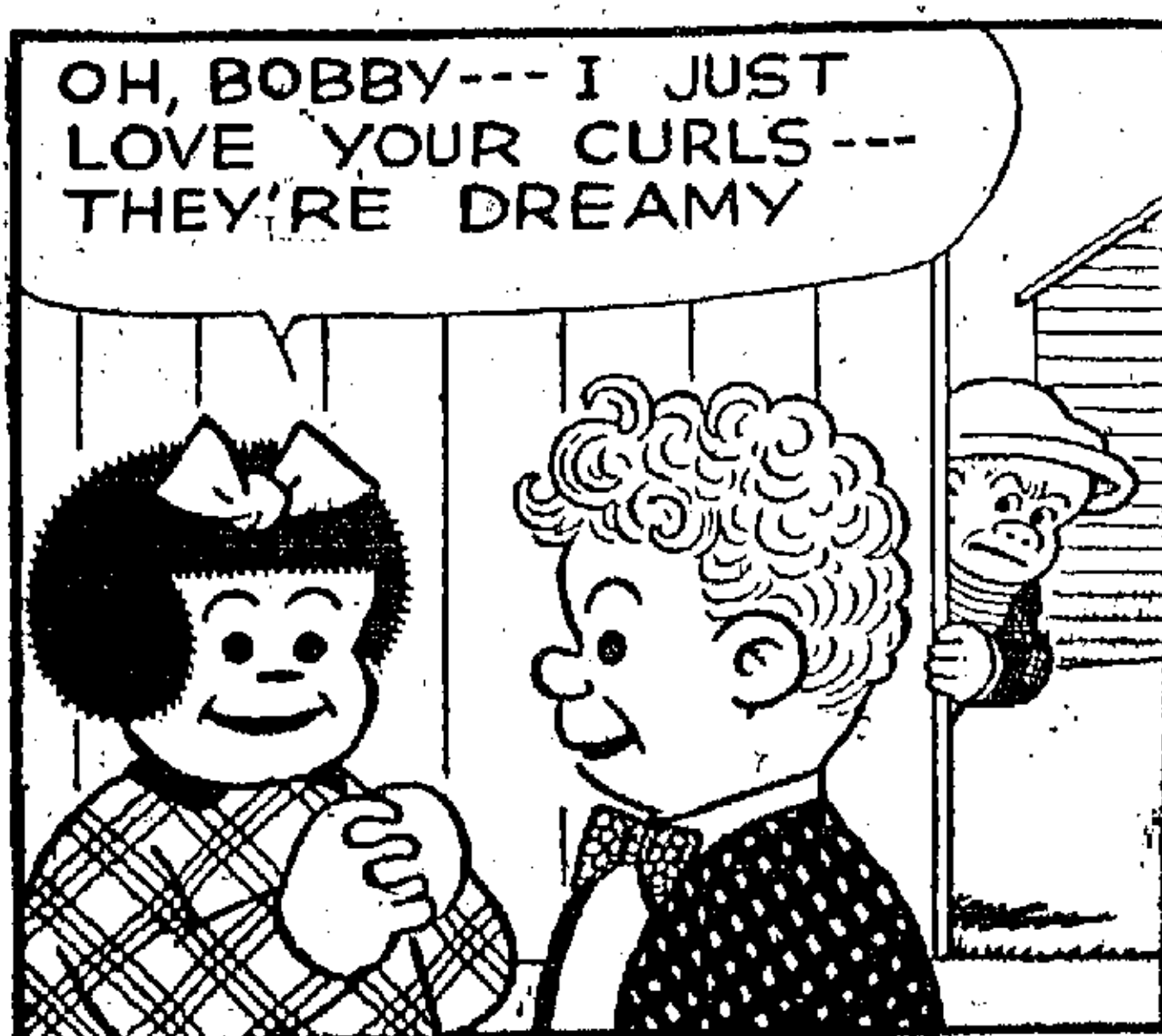
Usually well-informed sources believe it unlikely that a decision would be reached on an appointment to the Mediterranean Supreme Command. The talks will probably end tomorrow.

The British representatives at the talks are: General Sir Brian Robertson, Army Commander-in-Chief, Middle East; Admiral Sir John Edleston, Commander-in-Chief, Mediterranean Fleet, and Air Marshal Sir John Baker, Commander-in-Chief of the Middle East Air Force.

The principal American representative is Admiral Robert Carney, United States Naval Commander-in-Chief in the Eastern Atlantic and the Mediterranean. — Reuters.

### NANCY

Woodn't Do



By Ernie Bushmiller



## Brentford v. Manchester City



Jefferies, Brentford's goalkeeper, smothers the ball as Smith (No. 10), City inside-left, dashes up. Greenwood, Brentford centre-half, is standing by. Brentford won 2-0.

## Foreign Boxers Should Do Well This Year In The United States

Says CORNELIUS RYAN

New York.

The year 1951 should be another good one for foreign boxers in the USA, and, from the standpoint of championships, may be one of the best.

During the year, foreigners probably will get a chance at the title in five divisions and would have a reasonable chance in four of these fights.

The heavyweight, light-heavyweight titles seem sure to stay in American hands. Cesar Brion of Argentina is the only major heavyweight from outside the USA, and he would be given little chance with Ezzard Charles.

Light-heavy Champion Joey Maxim probably will lose his title, but to Bob Murphy, Harry Matthews or Archie Moore.

Ike Williams has no serious threat to his lightweight crown. Ray Robinson probably will defend some time during the year against Dave Sands of Australia, a capable man who might provide an upset.

Robinson also might have trouble with Laurent Dauthuille of France, although Ray would be favoured.

## Drobny Beats Ampon In Three Sets

Cairo, Mar. 11.

Jaroslav Drobny, self-exiled Czech star, retained the men's singles title 3-day in the Egyptian lawn tennis championships. In the final he beat Feliciano Ampon (Philippines), 6-3, 6-4, 6-0.

Miss Shirley Fry (United States) won the women's singles title on Saturday, beating Miss I wise Brough (United States), 6-3, 6-4.

Drobny's precision and powerful stroking paved the way to his run-away win over Ampon. He rushed the net at every opportunity to smash away the Filipino's returns.

Ampon fought tenaciously in the second set and covered a lot of ground to make some grand retrieves, but Drobny stepped up the tempo and raced through the final. Reuter.

## BRITISH ATHLETES MUST DEVELOP THE 'KILLER' SPIRIT

Says McDonald Bailey

There are in Britain today four outstanding middle-distance runners who are not only as good as any in the world but who stand a wonderful chance of capturing Olympic titles at Helsinki next year.

But before this statement is taken too much for granted let me say that unless these athletes get down to serious training and planning right now they will find the opposition just too tough to handle.

Roger Bannister, 22-year-old Oxford University miler, is perhaps the greatest prospect of all. I saw Roger run his record-breaking mile of 4 min. 9.9 sec. at the Christchurch Centennials last December and I was amazed at the pace of this brilliant performer.

At the same time, however, I also saw the reaction of his great effort on the following day when he was beaten out of a place in a slow-run half-mile.

### LACK OF TRAINING

I felt that the previous day's running had taken too much out of him and so revealed lack of sufficient training—as I myself suffered at these same Games.

Now I hope that Roger, like myself, learned something from this experience. I am all against his burning himself out in record-breaking performances.

But with youth on his side he should start this season to build up that solid foundation which is so vital against the tough Scandinavians and Americans.

With the right conditioning Bannister should surpass the late Jack Lovelock's 1,500 metres Olympic record of 3min. 47.8sec., made at Berlin in 1936.

Now we come to John Parlett, European 200 metres and Empire Games half-mile champion. If natural ability were everything, then Parlett would be sitting pretty for Helsinki.

### NOT GOOD ENOUGH

But I have often heard this athlete's running described as erratic. Sometimes he will come from "nowhere" to win. At other times he will be well down the field. It seems that no one, not even John himself, can predict what he is going to do next.

When I asked Parlett what he was doing about training I

admit I was a bit surprised when he replied: "Oh, I'll think about it as soon as the weather gets better."

This attitude is, in my opinion, not good enough. Temperament, determination and willingness



Roger Bannister

to train hard must be a part of any athlete's make-up.

In direct contrast in their approach to training are Bill Nankeville, AAA mile champion, and Yorkshireman Len Eyles, Empire Games three miles title holder.

### RIGHT ATTITUDE

Both these men have the confidence and temperament to win at all times. Nankeville has impressed me particularly by his forthright attitude. On one occasion he heard that one of his rivals was being tipped to win an important race.

Bill immediately challenged this, and to back up his own words, went on to win hands down.

Generally speaking, though, my candid opinion is that British athletes are not aggressive enough. By this I do not mean that they should come out "fighting mad" and with that "win-at-all-costs-nothing-barred" look. But a bit more of the "killer" spirit in athletics would, I am convinced, help our boys, especially in the international field.

Britain has the men to win at Helsinki and they must have no excuses so far as lack of preparation—mentally as well as physically—is concerned. There is no time to lose. So let's go then.

## Baseball To Have A New Commissioner

Miami Beach, Florida, Mar. 12.

A. B. Chandler failed today in his efforts to get re-elected as Baseball Commissioner. Nine club owners voted to elect him. Seven voted against him. It takes 12 votes for election.

The dramatic decision to oust him as the game's ruler came at a special meeting of club owners. It wasted more than three hours.

Chandler's successor will not be named for some time, probably about July. This was the third time that the club owners repudiated the man they elected Commissioner in 1945.

A statement issued by Cincinnati Reds said: "The joint committee on screening candidates will continue and will report later. The club owners are determined to elect the best possible man for the job."

The Screening Committee was appointed in December after Chandler first failed to get re-elected.

Chandler said, "I have promised my full co-operation to the club owners in whatever they want to do. I want to make it as easy as possible for them to elect a new commissioner." That statement indicated that he is willing to resign—something he refused to do in December.—United Press.

## Thomas Cup Travels To England

The £1,700 Thomas Cup for badminton won by Malaya in 1949, is being sent to England for exhibition in the international sports trophies sections of the Festival of Britain.

It will be returned to Malaya well before the 1952 tournament. Since it was brought to Malaya, the Cup has been on exhibition and then kept in the vaults of a bank.—Reuter.

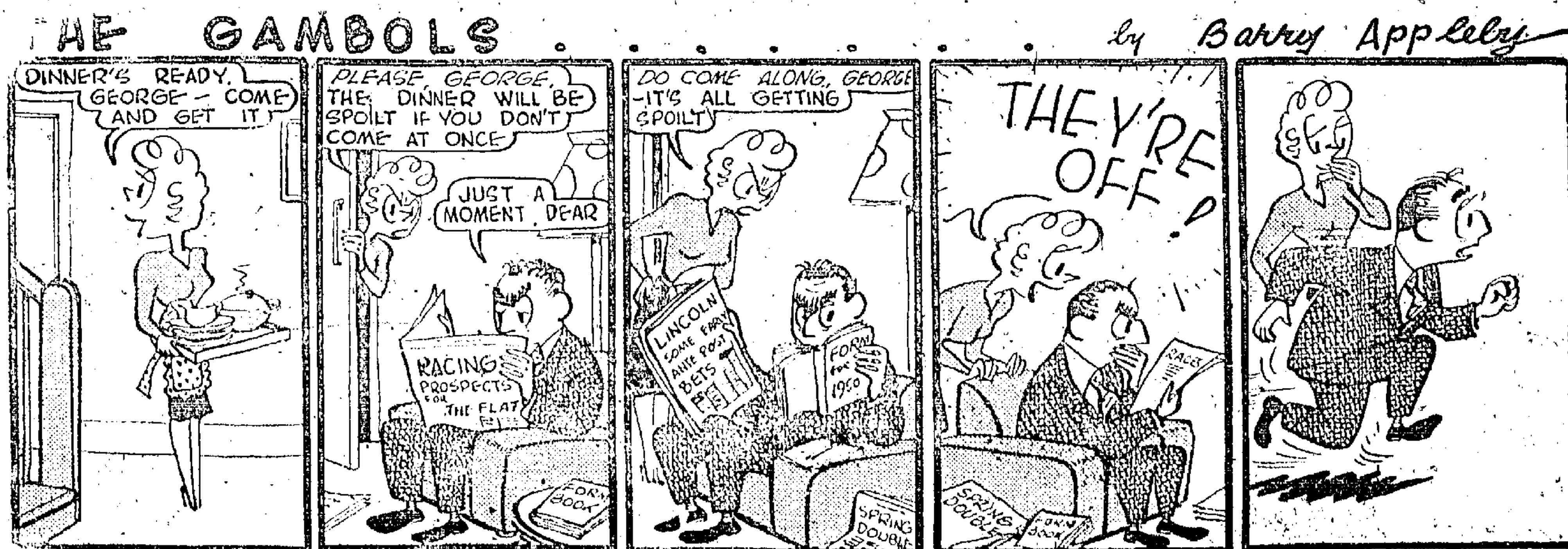
## Jim Ferrier Wins Miami Beach Golf Tourney

Miami Beach, Fla., Mar. 11.

Jim Ferrier, of San Francisco, playing one of the hottest golf streaks of his career, won a fighting victory in the Miami Beach Open to-day, his second championship in a row.

Ferrier, a rangy immigrant from Australia, finished with a 72-hole total of 273 to win by one stroke. He led by only one stroke at the three-quarter mark and four fine golfers, including the formidable Sammy Snead, were within at least two shots' striking distance, but "Big Jim" stuck out his chin and hammered in a final-round 69, three strokes under par, against Snead's 68.

It was a clearcut victory, however, because Ferrier was four under par and a certain winner before getting a bogey on the final hole.—United Press.









# REDS IN KOREA AVOID CONTACT

*Ability To Launch Surprise Attack Gone, Says Gen. Ridgway*

## Sharp Fighting Confined To Eastern Zone

Central Front, Korea, Mar. 12.

United Nations troops, edging slowly forward today behind a screen of tanks, found Chinese Communist and North Korean lines almost deserted.

This was reported a few hours after the Eighth Army Commander, Lieutenant General Matthew B. Ridgway, had claimed that the United Nations offensive in Central Korea had destroyed the Communist Army's ability to launch any surprise counter-offensive.

Frontline commanders, who had advanced under the protection of an artillery barrage and low-flying light planes, said that the Communists appeared to be pulling back to new defence lines.

But reconnaissance pilots returning from sweeps behind the Communist lines reported that they were unable to identify any particular point in the "back area" where there were signs of a build-up.

Only on the eastern front was there fierce resistance today.

American infantry advancing up a narrow mountain pass towards the small village of Yudongui, ran into North Koreans manning road-blocks and deep narrow trenches on either side of the road.

The Communists fought back with scores of machine-guns and snipers—fiercely enough to hold up the G.I.s.

The American party with no heavier weapons than machine-guns, ran into a hail of bullets.

They radioed back for howitzer crews and in a few minutes hundreds of heavy shells were lobbed on to the North Korean gun nests. As the barrage lifted the North Koreans—those that had survived the bombardment manned their guns again.

An American officer said: "Artillery could not have laid more accurately on to them, but they were saved by their deep trenches. It takes a direct hit to kill one or two men."

Along the rest of the central front, United Nations commanders reported that the enemy appeared to be avoiding contact.

### FOUR-MILE PROBE

Fifteen miles east of Seoul, the American 25th Infantry Division probed four miles into formerly strongly defended Chinese Communist lines, but found nothing to oppose them.

The Americans, however, withdrew by nightfall to consolidate their line, now six and a half miles ahead of where they had jumped off from the Han River six days ago.

This is the eastern claw of the 30-mile wide pincer movement which threatens to envelop Seoul.

Intelligence officers of the Division said that probably three out of four Chinese Communist regiments which had opposed them earlier had been completely smashed by the artillery pounding of the British and American guns which had preceded the advance.

The western claw of the pincer, manned by the United States 3rd Infantry Division, continued to hold their positions unopposed on the south bank of the Han River west of Seoul.

The river curves northwards after skirting South Seoul, flowing into the Yellow Sea 13 miles below the 38th Parallel.

### COHESIVE LINE

On the central front American, British, Australian, Canadian and Greek infantrymen, supported by tanks wherever the rugged terrain allowed, advanced only 3,000 yards despite the lack of enemy resistance.

A Headquarters officer said: "Though the enemy has pulled back—whether across the Parallel or to a new defence line—it will not affect the speed of the United Nations advance."

"We are not advancing any faster because we spread out in a great line across Korea that must be kept cohesive."

"Furthermore, the terrain is so rugged that it is only by a slow advance that we can keep ourselves backed up by artillery and our tremendous mobile service units."

The officer likened the United Nations advance to a great line of "beaters." The troops are combing every gulley and ridge line for pockets of enemy soldiers who, if left behind, might attack from the rear.

He said: "This is not like Europe, where if the enemy disappears the army just barges ahead. We have to walk and walk slowly. We have to comb every inch of ground and take no chances."

With today's advances the United Nations line came little more than a mile closer to the 38th Parallel—now an average of 24 miles away.

### TREMENDOUS VICTORY

The Eighth Army Commander, Lieutenant-General Matthew B. Ridgway, questioned by correspondents today, said that even if the war ended on the 38th Parallel, it would be a "tremendous victory for the United Nations."

Officers of General Ridgway's staff said that the General meant by this that China's entry into the Korean war aimed at driving the United Nations forces "into the sea"; any outcome short of this would be a "tremendous victory for the United Nations."

General Ridgway said that he knew of no plan to end the war on the 38th Parallel, but if the war did end there it would be a "tremendous victory for the United Nations."

It would be an "incalculable defeat" for Communist China if it failed to drive the United Nations forces into the sea, he added.

General Ridgway was speaking at a press conference on the central front as Allied troops pursued the Communist forces towards the Parallel.

### NEARING HONGCHON

Australian and Canadian infantry smashed through to the approaches to Hongchon, 18 miles south of the Parallel and the pivot of the Communist supply system.

To the east 10th Corps troops advanced two and a half miles in pursuit of the Communists pulling back.

General Ridgway placed the ratio of Communist casualties to those of the Allies in the current offensive, which began six days ago, at "well over 60 to one."

The Eighth Army Commander said that the Korean war could be called "a draw" if the United Nations failed to de-

feat the "mass of China with our handful here."

But he said that the United Nations had not set out to conquer China. He said the Allied forces had "let a lot of air" out of the inflated balloon of Chinese "military establishments." The degree to which her military reputation had been deflated would influence the "thinking of millions in Asia and their Governments."

"Communist China, having set out to destroy United Nations forces in Korea, must concede it a defeat if she fails."

### BACK-HANDED

The Eighth Army Commander said that the Communists reacted in almost the opposite way to which he had anticipated when he began his offensive. They had given up large masses on the western flank of the western front around the junction of the Han and Pukhan Rivers without giving battle but had launched counter-attacks in the east, where he had expected little or no resistance.

General Ridgway said that the capture of sizable amounts of Communist arms was significant. Though the enemy had unlimited manpower, he must find it very difficult to replace those arms.

In a Manchurian border dogfight today, 12 American Sabre jet planes chased 30 Communist MIG-15 jet fighters across the border near Sinuiju, on the Korean side at the mouth of the Yalu River.

The United Nations line across the central front was almost straight tonight after substantial gains yesterday and today.

The 10th Corps speeded up its advance on the eastern flank today. Decimated North Korean elements retreated rapidly before the American 7th Division north and west of Amidong.

The Americans reached within a mile and a half of Changgong, a Communist base 27 miles south of the Parallel.

Hongchon, to the west-northwest, the main supply and communication centre, 22 miles south of the Parallel, is a vital objective to both sides.

The Communists were expected to make a determined stand for this town, which Commonwealth troops here, spearheading the Eighth Army's drive, have approached to within a few miles.

The fall of Hongchon would menace the Communist positions around Seoul to the west and probably make further defence of the South Korean capital impossible.—Reuter.

## Soviet Using U.K. Jet Engines

London, Mar. 12.

Brigadier Fitzroy MacLean, Conservative, declared in the House of Commons today that the MIG-15 jet engine being used against the United Nations troops in Korea was simply a copy of the Nene engines sold to the Russians by the Ministry of Supply in 1947.

The Supply Minister, Mr. George Strauss, had stated in reply to a question that Britain sold 25 Rolls Royce Nene Mark-1 and 30 Derwent Mark-5



AS IF WE DIDN'T KNOW—No one was surprised when Hollywood's dance directors banded together and announced that Betty Grable had the most beautiful legs of any film star. The famous legs are much in evidence in "Call Me Mister," Betty's new film.

## Queuille Likely To Win Vote

Paris, Mar. 12.

The new French Government formed by the Prime Minister, M. Henri Queuille, on Saturday will present itself to the National Assembly tomorrow afternoon.

The Premier will ask the Assembly to express its confidence in the new Ministerial team. Observers consider that M. Queuille is certain of a substantial favourable vote.

The new Cabinet met for the first time today.—Reuter.

## Czech Envoy Has Enough

Berne, Mar. 12.

An authoritative government source revealed today that Dr. Jiri Brotan, first secretary of the Czech legation here, had resigned in protest against the arrest in Prague of the former Czech Foreign Minister, Vlaho Clementis.

Dr. Brotan was not available for confirmation. He was reported to have asked the Swiss authorities for asylum for himself and his wife.

Dr. Brotan was formerly Dr. Clementis' private secretary.

Simultaneously it was revealed that the second secretary of the Polish Legation, Andrei Minowski, had tendered his resignation and intended to remain here as a refugee.—United Press.

jet engines to the Soviet Union in 1947.

Brigadier MacLean described the transaction as "a blunder in the first order." Mr. Strauss replied that these engines were no longer on the secret list when supplied to Russia.—Reuter.

## The Hongkong Telegraph

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Telephone: 52638.

### NOTICE

HONG KONG AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION

### ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING REMINDER

All Members are reminded that the Annual General Meeting of the Hong Kong Automobile Association will be held in the HONG KONG HOTEL ROOF GARDEN

### TO-DAY

TUESDAY, 13th March, 1951, at 5.30 p.m.

By Order,

PEAT, MARWICK, MITCHELL & CO.

Secretaries & Treasurers.

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